

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
19	6	P1	<p>for starting process, by defining height, radius and using Pythagoras to form an equation for the slant height l</p> <p>eg height = h, radius = $\frac{3}{4}h$ and</p> $l^2 = h^2 + \left(\frac{3h}{4}\right)^2 \left(= \frac{25}{16}h^2\right) \text{ or } (l =) \sqrt{h^2 + \left(\frac{3h}{4}\right)^2} \left(= \frac{5}{4}h\right) \text{ oe}$ <p>eg $r = 3x$ and $h = 4x$ and $l^2 = (3x)^2 + (4x)^2$</p>	<p>Can use any other letter than h provided it is defined</p> <p>eg height = x</p>
		P1	<p>(dep P1) for process to form a correct expression for the curved surface area in terms of a single variable,</p> <p>eg $\pi \times \frac{3}{4}h \times \frac{5}{4}h \left(= \frac{15}{16}\pi h^2\right)$</p> <p>or $\pi \times 3x \times 5x$ where $h = 4x$</p>	<p>May include area of circle</p> <p>eg</p> $\pi \times \left(\frac{3}{4}h\right)^2 + \pi \times \frac{3}{4}h \times \frac{5}{4}h \left(= \frac{24}{16}\pi h^2\right)$
		P1	<p>for forming and simplifying a correct equation to find height,</p> <p>eg $\frac{24\pi}{16}h^2 = 54\pi$</p>	
		A1	cao	