

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
22	Zurich (supported)	P1	for one process to compare, eg eg Currency conversion, $3.5 \times 1.25 (= 4.375)$ or $7.20 \div 1.25 (= 5.76)$ or finds 1g in one place $\pounds 3.50 \div 200 (= 0.0175)$ or $7.20 \div 360 (= 0.02)$ or finds 200g in Zurich, $7.2 \div 360 \times 200 (= 4.0)$ or finds 360g in London, $3.5 \div 200 \times 360 (= 6.30)$ or finds grams per unit cost, $200 \div 3.50 (= 57.1..)$ or $360 \div 7.20 (= 50)$	Accept figures rounded or truncated to 2sf throughout
		P1	for a complete process to find comparable figures in the same currency, eg comparing 200g in £ or francs $3.5 \times 1.25 (= 4.375)$ and $7.2 \div 360 \times 200 (= 4.0)$ or “4.0” $\div 1.25 (= 3.20)$ OR comparing 360g in £ or francs “6.30” $\times 1.25 (= 7.875)$ or $3.5 \div 200 \times 360 (= 6.30)$ and $7.20 \div 1.25 (= 5.76)$ OR comparing 1g in £ or francs “0.0175” $\times 1.25 (= 0.0218...)$ and $7.20 \div 360 (= 0.02)$ or $\pounds 3.50 \div 200 (= 0.0175)$ and “0.02” $\div 1.25 (= 0.016)$ OR comparing quantity per unit cost in £ or francs $200 \div 3.50 (= 57.1...)$ and $360 \div “5.76” (= 62.5)$ or $200 \div “4.375” (= 45.7...)$ and $360 \div 7.20 (= 50)$	Accept working in pence Ignore incorrect units for P marks Award of this mark implies the previous mark
		C1	for Zurich supported by correct comparable values, eg 4.3(75 F) and 4(.0 F) or (£)3.2(0) or 7.8(75 F) or (£)6.3(0) and (£)5.76 or 0.021(8... F) and 0.02 (F) or (£)0.017(5) and (£)0.016 or 57(.1... g/£) and 62(.5 g/£) or 45(.7... g/F) and 50 (g/F)	Clear indication that bar is better value for money in Zurich supported by correct values for comparison Units not needed but if stated must be correct. Table with examples at end of mark scheme

Question 22 additional guidance

	London	Zurich
100g	$3.5 \div 2 = \textbf{£1.75}$ $1.75 \times 1.25 = \textbf{2.1875 F}$	$7.2 \div 360 = \textbf{2.00 F}$ $2.00 \div 1.25 = \textbf{£1.60}$
200g	$\textbf{£3.50}$ $3.5 \times 1.25 = \textbf{4.375 F}$	$7.2 \div 360 \times 200 = \textbf{4.0 F}$ $4.0 \div 1.25 = \textbf{£3.20}$
360g	$3.5 \div 200 \times 360 = \textbf{£6.30}$ $6.30 \times 1.25 = \textbf{7.875 F}$	$\textbf{7.20 F}$ $7.20 \div 1.25 = \textbf{£5.76}$
1g	$\text{£}3.50 \div 200 = \textbf{£0.0175}$ $\times 1.25 = \textbf{0.021875 F}$	$7.20 \div 360 = \textbf{0.02 F}$ $\div 1.25 = \textbf{£0.016}$
40g	$\text{£}3.50 \div 5 = \textbf{£0.70}$ $0.7 \times 1.25 = \textbf{0.875 F}$	$7.20 \div 9 = \textbf{0.8 F}$ $0.8 \div 1.25 = \textbf{£0.64}$
By weight	$350 \div 200 = \textbf{1.75 p/g}$ $350 \times 1.25 = 4.375$ $4.375 \div 200 = \textbf{0.021875 F/g}$	$720 \div 360 = \textbf{0.02 F/g}$ $720 \div 1.25 = 576$ $576 \div 360 = \textbf{1.6 p/g}$
By cost	$200 \div 350 = \textbf{0.571 g/p}$ $350 \times 1.25 = 437.5$ $200 \div 437.5 = \textbf{45.7 g/F}$	$360 \div 720 = \textbf{50 g/F}$ $720 \div 1.25 = 576$ $360 \div 576 = \textbf{0.625 g/P}$